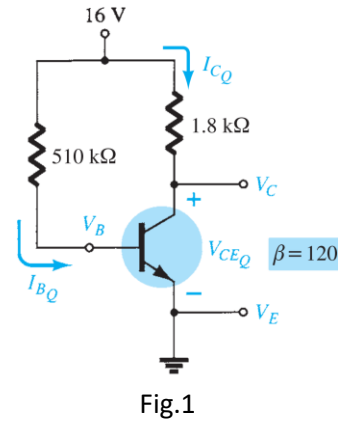


Transistor DC Biasing

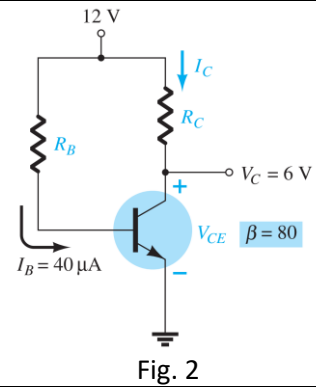
1. For the fixed-bias configuration Fig.1, determine:

- I_{BQ}
- I_{CQ}
- V_{CEQ}
- V_C
- V_B
- V_E



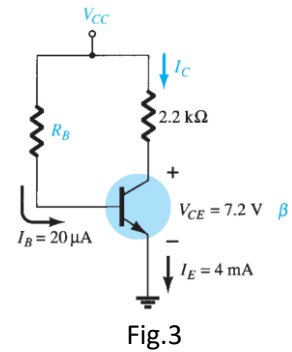
2. Given the information appearing in Fig. 2 , determine:

- I_C
- R_C
- R_B
- V_{CE}



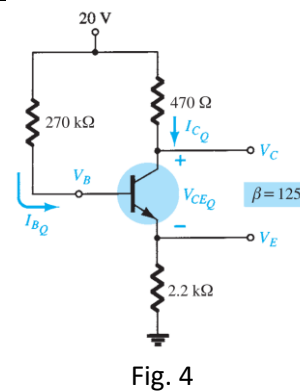
3. Given the information appearing in Fig. 3 , determine:

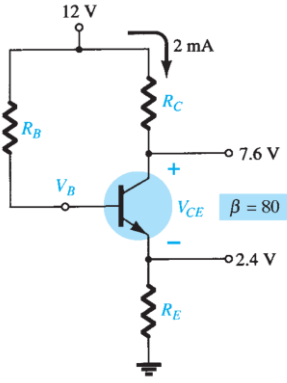
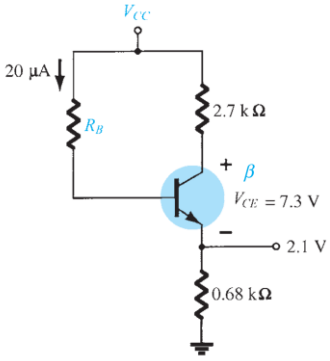
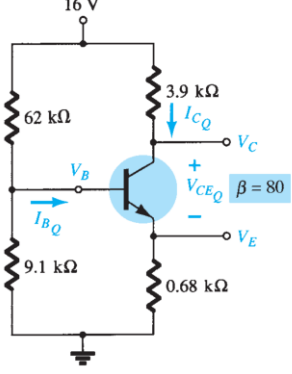
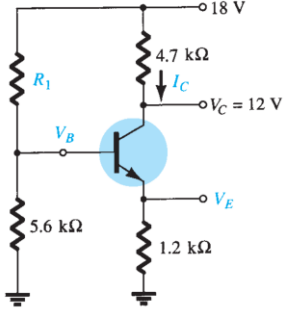
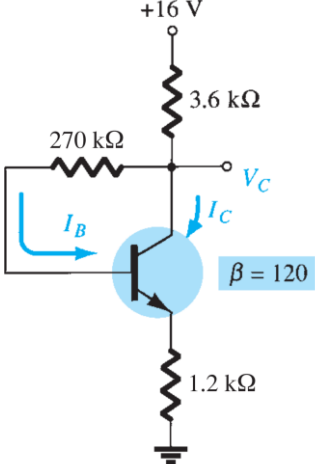
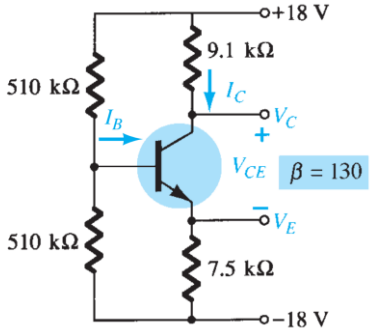
- I_C
- V_{CC}
- β
- R_B



4. For the emitter-stabilized bias circuit of Fig. 4 , determine:

- I_{BQ}
- I_{CQ}
- V_{CEQ}
- V_C
- V_B
- V_E



5. Given the information provided in Fig. 5 , determine: R_C. R_E. R_B. V_{CE}. V_B.	 Fig.5  Fig.6
6. Given the information provided in Fig. 6 , determine: β. V_{CC}. R_B.	
7. Determine the saturation current (I_{Csat}) for the network of Fig. 4.	
8. For the voltage-divider bias configuration of Fig. 7 , determine: I_{BQ}. I_{CQ}. V_{CEQ}. V_C. V_E. V_B. 9. Given the information provided in Fig. 8 , determine: I_C. V_E. V_B. R_1.	 Fig.7  Fig.8
10. For the collector-feedback configuration of Fig. 9 , determine: I_B. I_C. V_C.	 Fig.9
11. For the network of Fig. 10 , determine: I_B. I_C. V_E. V_{CE}.	 Fig. 10

12. For the R - C -coupled amplifier of Fig. 11 determine
 a. the voltages V_B , V_C , and V_E for each transistor.
 b. the currents I_B , I_C , and I_E for each transistor

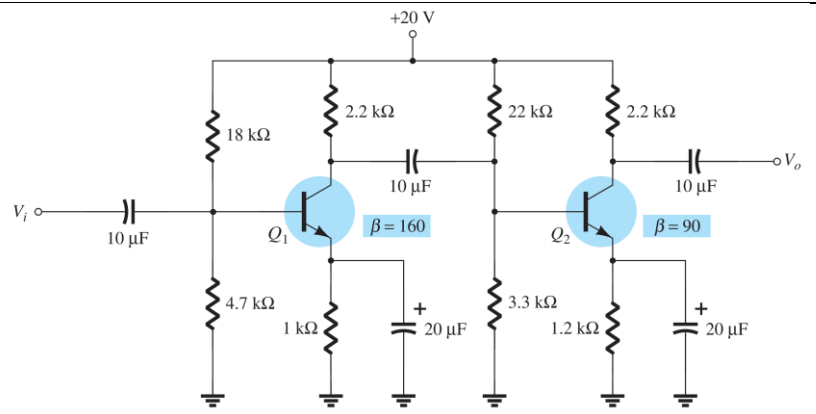


Fig.11

13. For the Darlington amplifier of Fig. 12 determine
 a. the level of β_D .
 b. the base current of each transistor.
 c. the collector current of each transistor.
 d. the voltages V_{C1} , V_{C2} , V_{E1} , and V_{E2}

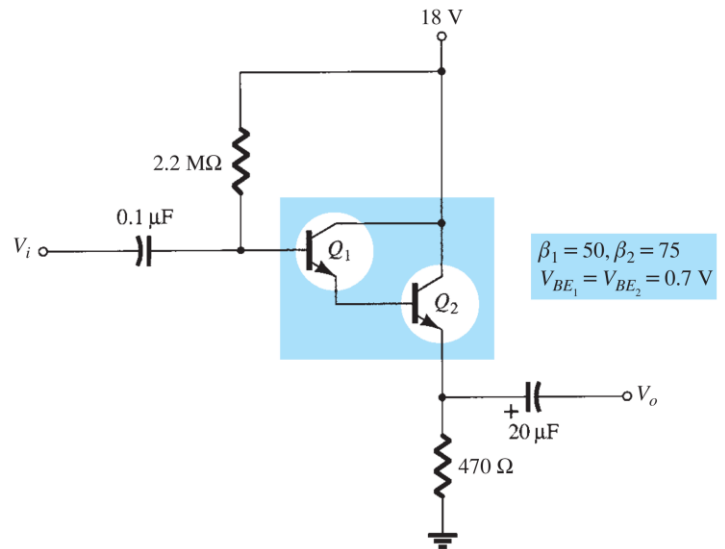


Fig.12

14. For the cascode amplifier of Fig. 13 determine
 a. the base and collector currents of each transistor.
 b. the voltages V_{B1} , V_{B2} , V_{E1} , V_{C1} , V_{E2} , and V_{C2} .

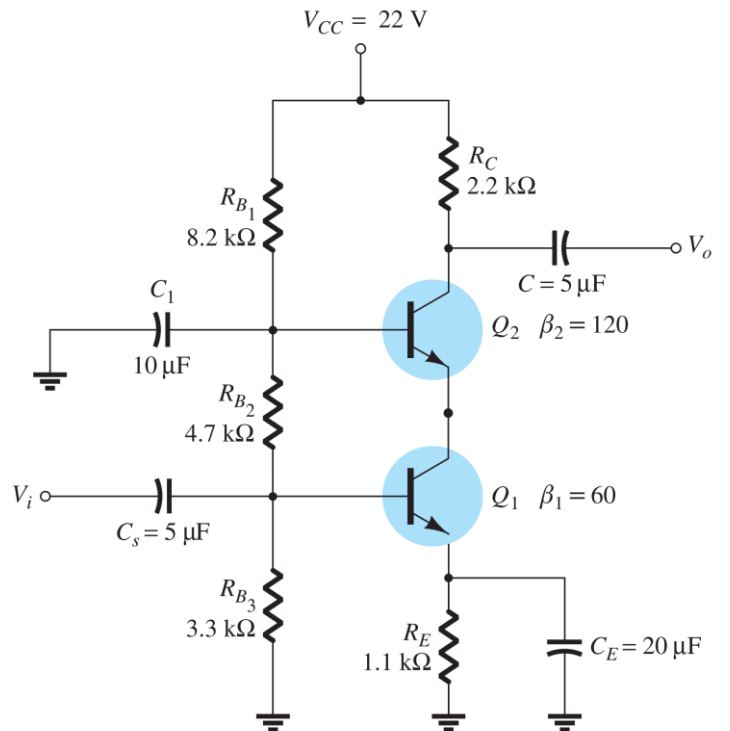


Fig.13